

# Answer key

#### 1 Present simple and present continuous

- A 2 is creeping 3 hears 4 is watching
  - 5 turns 6 doesn't see 7 starts
  - 8 is watching 9 hears 10 sees
  - 11 is sitting 12 Are you talking 13 asks
  - 14 says 15 laughs 16 does your owner call
  - 17 replies 18 I don't know 19 don't want
  - 20 says 21 runs
- B 2a is increasing; are staying; are not (aren't) travelling
  - 3d is ('s) always talking; is ('s) always losing
  - 4e am ('m) working
  - 5b goes; travels
- C 3b 4a 5a 6b 7b 8a 9b 10a
- D 2 is ('s) weighing 3 do not (don't) have
  - 4 is not (isn't / 's not) having 5 are you thinking

  - do you think 7 do not (don't) look
  - 8 are not (aren't) looking

#### E Possible answers

- 2 do they get home 3 is ... going
- 4 Do ... agree 5 are you laughing
- 6 Do you remember 7 are you reading
- 8 are you crying

#### F Possible answers

- 2 He doesn't eat meat
- 3 I don't earn very much.
- 4 She's working at the supermarket
- 5 we're waiting for you!
- 6 that man is wearing strange clothes.
- 7 I haven't got / don't have any brothers or sisters.
- 8 he's forever telling me what to do.

#### 2 Past simple and past continuous

- 2 did 3 had 4 got 5 opened 6 ate
  - 7 swam 8 shouted 9 fell 10 tried
  - 11 knew 12 became
- 2 was crying 3 Were ... watching
  - 4 was not (wasn't) working 5 were waiting
  - 6 Was ... living 7 were having
  - 8 was not (wasn't) snowing 9 was ... dreaming
  - 10 were not (weren't) playing
- C 2a 3a 4b 5b 6b 7a 8a

#### D Possible answers

- 2 Peter was riding his bike.
- 3 Maggie was carrying some bags.
- 4 Terry and Sue were running.
- 5 Dan was singing.
- 6 Steve and Amanda were talking.
- Arthur was cleaning the windows.
- 8 Sally was opening her umbrella.

#### E Possible answers

- 2 He remembered his car keys while he was walking to his car.
- 3 As he was coming back, he saw a woman with a picture.
- 4 He shouted as the woman was running away.
- 5 Martha was cleaning the room when the lights went out.
- 6 She was looking for some matches when the lights came on.
- 7 She noticed glass on the floor as she was looking around.

- 8 Sam was sitting at his desk when the phone
- 9 As he was picking up the phone, a strange woman came in.
- 10 While he was speaking, the woman went out.
- 2c 3a 4d 5b 6d 7d 8b 9b 10a **11**c **12**b

#### 3 Used to and would

- 2 used to 3 didn't use to 4 didn't use to
  - 5 used to 6 used to 7 didn't use to
  - 8 used to 9 didn't use to 10 used to
- 3 He used to work in the prison kitchen.
  - 4 He did not (didn't) use(d) / used not to like his neighbours.
  - He used to write letters.
  - 6 He used to wear a prison uniform.
  - 7 He did not (didn't) use(d) / used not to see his friends.
  - 8 He used to go to bed early.
  - 9 He used to feel sad.
  - 10 He did not (didn't) use(d) / used not to be free.
- C I remember my childhood very well. Every would go

summer, we went v to the seaside.

would play I was ten years old and I loved the sea. I played on the beach and my father bought me an

would go ice cream. Sometimes we went on a boat. Some would swim would fish people swam around the boat, others fished,

others watched Y. One trip my sister fell into the

sea! Luckily, she was a good swimmer. That was

would walk very funny. In the evenings, we walked ✓ around would tell

the town. My mother told \(^{\text{V}}\) us stories about would listen all the places and we <del>listened</del> Y very carefully.

would fall At night I fell \(^\)'asleep feeling very happy. A

#### wonderful time!

- 3 phoned 4 used to speak / spoke
  - 5 used to play / would play
  - 6 didn't use to know 7 Did it used to be
  - 8 used to carry / would carry 9 didn't work
  - 10 never used to worry / would never worry
  - 11 used to be
- E 2 used to do / would do
  - 3 did not (didn't) use(d) / used not to go
  - 4 Did Mike used to be 5 would get up
  - never used to be 7 would always shout
  - used to / would have
- 2 was / used to be
  - 3 used to cost / would cost / cost
  - 4 would get / got 5 used to buy / would buy
  - 6 left 7 came 8 became
  - 9 used to exchange / would exchange / exchanged 10 made

#### 4 Present perfect, past simple, present simple

- A 2 have married; met 3 has broken; ran
  - 4 has lost; called 5 has gone; said
  - 6 have built; started
- B 2 has lived 3 is 4 doesn't speak
  - 5 hasn't spoken 6 Have you ever seen
  - 7 have played 8 doesn't taste
  - 9 has had 10 thinks
- 3a 4b 5b 6a 7a 8b 9b 10a 11a 12b 13a 14b 15b 16a
- 2 has not (hasn't / 's not) finished
  - 3 has ('s) happened 4 phoned 5 told
  - 6 is 7 was 8 Have ... spoken
  - 9 have not (haven't / 've not) seen
  - 10 did ... start 11 took
  - 12 have not (haven't / 've not) missed
- E 2a 3b 4b 5a 6b 7d 8a 9a 10c

#### Possible answers

- 2 When did you decide to become a DJ?
- 3 What do you like about Greece?
- 4 When did the hotel open?
- 5 Has anybody famous stayed in the hotel?
- 6 Do you get any time off?
- 7 Have you ever wanted to do something different?

#### 5 Present perfect simple and present perfect continuous

- A 2 I have been looking for you everywhere.
  - 3 Mike hasn't been feeling well.
  - 4 We have been giving her advice.
  - 5 Who has been eating my chocolate?
  - 6 My dad has been helping me.
  - 7 The phones haven't been working.
  - 8 Have you been doing that crossword?
- 2 been listening 3 hasn't come
  - 4 has been singing 5 taken
  - 6 has been reading 7 has finished
  - 8 have been thinking 9 hasn't understood
  - 10 has been drinking
- C for since [ages] February a long time it happened my whole life I got home the rest of the year midnight

two months

- D Possible answers 2 They have ('ve) been eating (chocolate).

  - 3 She has ('s) been sleeping. 4 He has ('s) been studying.
  - 5 They have ('ve) been fighting.
  - 6 It has ('s) been raining.
- 2 have been getting 3 have been working
  - 4 has been decreasing / getting smaller
  - 5 have been visiting 6 have been spending
- F 2 I have learned German.
  - 3 Shelly has been driving for two hours.
  - 4 The children have broken the window.
  - 5 They have been playing tennis since 12.00.
  - 6 I have forgotten my keys.
  - 7 My sister has been telling me a joke.
  - 8 Ed has watched the film twice.

she was two years old

Christmas

- 2 have ('ve) been standing
  - 3 have ('ve) frozen
  - 4 has not (hasn't / 's not) been
  - 5 have not (haven't / 've not) sold / have not (haven't / 've not) been selling
  - 6 has ('s) got / has ('s) been getting
  - 7 have ('ve) been thinking
  - 8 have ('ve) decided
  - 9 have ('ve) left / have ('ve) been leaving
  - 10 Have ... had

#### 6 Past perfect simple and past perfect continuous

- A 2c 3e 4a 5d 6b
- B 2a 3b 4b 5a 6b 7b 8a
- C a4 b1 c6 d5 e7 f3 g8 h2
- D 2 had been hoping 3 had come 4 had gone
  - 5 had been waiting 6 had done
  - 7 had been playing 8 hadn't heard
- E 2 had already made; ended 3 had visited; knew
  - 4 thanked; had given
  - 5 had just finished; arrived
  - 6 came; had been watching / had watched
  - 7 thought; had not (hadn't) been
  - 8 wasn't; had intended
- 2 caused 3 died 4 told 5 had travelled
  - 6 had begun 7 had been running
  - 8 arrived 9 had not (hadn't) had
  - 10 saw 11 returned 12 lost
  - 13 had been fishing 14 did not (didn't) come

#### 7 Will and be going to

#### A Possible answers

- 2 will probably travel 3 will certainly be
- 4 will possibly have 5 will possibly be able to
- 6 probably won't be 7 definitely won't have
- 8 definitely won't be able to
- B 2 He is ('s) going to fall over.
  - 3 She is ('s) going to drop them.
  - 4 They are ('re) going to do some exercise.
  - 5 It is ('s) going to break.
  - 6 He is ('s) going to burn in the sun.
- C 2 This will be the runner's last race.
  - 3 What are they going to do when they leave school?
  - 4 My dad's going to pick me up afterwards.
  - 5 It will not bite you.
  - 6 | am ('m) going to paint my room.
  - 7 What do you think he will do now?
  - 8 I'll (will) take it to the shop.
- D 2 won't leave; know 3 will ('ll) be; finds out
  - 4 will ('ll) have; are ('re) 5 pay; won't have
  - 6 won't be; starts 7 grows up; will ('ll) be
  - 8 work; will ('ll) do well
- 2 'll 3 will / is going to 4 's going to
- 5 are going to 6 'll 7 's going to
- 8 will / is going to
- F 2 will win / is going to win
  - 3 am ('m) going to stay
  - 4 will ('ll) land / are ('re) going to land
  - 5 will ('ll) have 6 am ('m) going to sell
  - 7 will ('ll) buy 8 won't like

#### 8 Present continuous and present simple for future use; future continuous

- A 2g 3b 4e 5f 6d 7a
- B Possible answers

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- 2 Harriet will be reading some notes for the
- 3 Harriet will be sleeping on the plane.
- 4 Harriet arrives at Heathrow, London.
- 5 Harriet will be waiting for her next flight.
- 6 Harriet leaves Heathrow, London.

- 7 Harriet arrives in Berlin, Germany.
- 8 Harriet will be having a meeting in Berlin.
- C 2 am ('m) going to get
  - 3 am ('m) meeting / going to meet
    - 4 are not (aren't) going to be able to (= prediction. See Unit 7.)
    - 5 am ('m) going to find (= prediction. See Unit 7.)
    - am ('m) going to travel 7 am ('m) going to
    - are spending / are going to spend
  - 9 are ... going to live
  - 10 am ('m) going to rent
  - 11 are looking at / are going to look at
- D 2 leaves / is leaving. 3 going to say
  - 4 will be thinking 5 babysitting
  - 6 I'm helping 7 is retiring / is going to retire
  - 8 're not arriving / don't arrive 9 shall be talking
- 2 spends
  - 3 will finally learn
  - 4 skiing is skiing
  - 5 will not be breaking is not breaking
  - 6 will get in
  - 7 shall be beginning
  - 8 picks up
  - 9 is being like is like
  - 10 is not talking

#### F Possible answers

- 2 I'm going to the dentist tomorrow and I am leaving the house at 11.30, so come before
- 3 I've got long hair and I'll be wearing a brown
- 4 What time does the show start?
- 5 I'm having dinner with my cousin.
- 6 I'm going to a club with my friends.

#### 9 Future perfect and other future forms

- A 2018 graduate
  - 2020 start my own business
  - 2030 become a millionaire
  - 2035 buy a 10 million dollar house
  - 2040 sell this house for a big profit
  - 2041 move to an island
  - 2050 retire to the island 2 he will have graduated.

  - 3 he will have started his own business.
  - 4 he will have become a millionaire.
  - 5 he will have bought a 10 million dollar house. 6 he will have sold this / that house for a big profit.
  - 7 he will have moved to an island.
  - 8 he will have retired to the island.

#### Possible answers

- 2 By next year, I will have learned to swim.
- 3 By 2020, I will have got married.
- 4 By 2030, I will have written my autobiography.
- B 2 She will have studied for five hours.
  - 3 She will have watched TV for 12 hours.
  - 4 She will have run 65 km.
  - 5 She will have slept 55 hours.
  - 6 She will have driven 10 hours.
  - 7 She will have given £20 to 'Save the Animals'.
- C 2 She is ('s) on the point of winning.
- 3 He is ('s) about to sing.
- 4 She is ('s) on the verge of jumping.
- 5 They are ('re) about to drink.
- 6 It is ('s) on the point of burning.
- D 2 I was going to phone him.
  - 3 It was going to rain.
  - 4 He was going to open the window.
  - 5 They were going to meet me.
  - 6 She was going to move (house).
- E 3 At 12:00, the Prime Minister is to speak at a conference and the Queen is to give prizes to school children.

- 4 At 13:30, the Queen and the Prime Minister are to have lunch.
- 5 At 16:00, the Queen is to see the King of Shangri-La and the Prime Minister is to go to a business meeting.
- 6 At 18:00, the Prime Minister is to give a talk to Economics students.
- 7 At 18:30, the Queen is to open a theatre.
- 8 At 21:00, the Queen and the Prime Minister are to return home.
- F 2a 3a 4b 5c 6a 7c 8a 9b 10c 11b

#### R1 Review: present, past and future forms

- 2 is having 3 'm thinking
  - 4 is forever getting
  - 5 Does your mum usually take 6 is still growing
  - 7 don't believe 8 is borrowing
  - 9 doesn't get 10 just complete
- 2 was putting on 3 have not (haven't) eaten
  - 4 did not (didn't) mean 5 have ... had
  - 6 had ('d) been driving 7 have been playing
  - 8 have ('ve) known 9 had ('d) seen
  - 10 did ... wake up
- 2 since 3 ago 4 When 5 then 6 during 7 for 8 ever 9 never 10 recently
  - 11 still
- D 2 used to play football
  - 3 had already started by the
  - 4 has been learning English for
  - 5 Had you ever been 6 have never / haven't / haven't ever visited / been
  - 7 long have you been playing
  - 8 would always say
- E 2b 3a 4a 5c 6c 7b 8a 9c 10a
- F 2a 3c 4b 5c 6a 7c 8b 9a 10c

# 10 Modals of ability and obligation 1

- A 2a 3i 4h 5d 6j 7e 8c 9g 10b
  - 2 must 3 will be able to 4 don't have to
  - 5 Can 6 mustn't 7 Should she 8 should 9 could 10 have got to 11 don't need to

# 12 can

- C Possible answers
  - 2 He must like children. He doesn't have to stay late at work.
  - He can have long holidays.
  - 3 She has to be fit. She should speak English.
  - She must train hard.
  - 4 He must like travelling. He ought to have a good manager.
  - He is able to make a lot of money. 5 I have to do the washing-up every day.
- I can swim more than a kilometre. I don't have to get up early at the weekend.

D 2 Jill must / should / has to / ought to / needs to

- eat more.
- 3 Emily can cook very well.

7 Will you be able to come / Can you come

- 4 We mustn't / shouldn't / ought not to stop. 5 You don't have to / needn't / don't need to wait. There is no need (for you) to wait.
- tomorrow? 8 They have to / must go.

6 Jo can / is able to speak French.

### E Possible answers

- 3 has to
- There is a party. 4 ought to
- Tomorrow I need to get up early.
- 5 don't have to We've already visited it.
- 6 must
- She didn't pass.

- 7 need to She is angry with me.
- 8 isn't able to He has broken his arm.
- F 2a 3b 4b 5a 6c 7b 8a 9b 10c

# 11 Modals of ability and obligation 2

A 2h 3a 4f 5b 6g 7e 8c

- B 2 We had to / needed to go.
  - 3 We couldn't / weren't allowed to go.
  - 4 You should have bought it.
  - 5 She didn't need to come.
  - 6 They could / were able to speak French.
  - 7 He had to / needed to sleep.
  - 8 He wasn't able to / couldn't be here.
- C 2 had to 3 needed to speak
  - 4 didn't have to 5 was able to
  - 6 shouldn't have 7 could 8 didn't need to
  - 9 Were you able 10 weren't allowed to
- D 2 She couldn't / wasn't allowed to eat all the chocolates.
  - 3 She could / was able to use his computer.
  - 4 She had to buy some paper.
  - 5 She didn't need to / didn't have to finish the
  - 6 She needed to / had to check his emails.
  - 7 She didn't need to / didn't have to go to the
  - 8 She couldn't / wasn't allowed to forget Maggie's birthday.

#### E Possible answers

- 2 People couldn't send emails. They had to write letters.
- 3 They weren't able to travel much. They had to use buses and trains.
- 4 Children could play all day. They didn't have to study.
- 5 People needed to buy food every day. They couldn't have cold drinks in summer.
- 6 Doctors couldn't help many people. People needed to go a long way to find a hospital.
- 2c 3a 4d 5c 6b 7d 8a 9d 10b 11b 12c

### 12 Possibility and certainty in the present and future

- A 2 The green square must be a C.
  - 3 The yellow square must be a ★.
  - 4 The pink square can't be a C.
  - 5 The grey square can't be a ●.
  - 6 The white square must be a ★.
- B 2 must be rich 3 must be fit
  - 4 must be tired
  - 5 must be disappointed
  - 6 must be bored 7 must be angry
- 2 She may / might not have the address.
- 3 She could / may / might be working late.
- 4 She could / may / might be ill.
- 5 She could / may / might be buying a present.
- 6 She could / may / might have a problem with her phone.
- 7 She might / may not be coming.
- D 2 The scientist said life might exist on other planets. / The scientist said there might be life on other planets.
  - 3 He could go to prison.
  - 4 He might not know much about cars.
  - 5 We may not see her again.
  - 6 Wearing glasses might make your eyesight
  - 7 He could be wrong.
  - 8 We might not go on holiday this summer.
  - 9 I may phone her later.
  - 10 He doesn't say much he may be shy.

#### E Possible answers

- 2 must be (very / really) hungry
- 3 could / may / might know / know his name / know who it is
- 4 could / may / might be (waiting) there
- 5 must be (getting) old
- 6 can't be coming
- could / may / might be Maria's
- 8 can't be Amy

#### F Possible answers

- 2 She might like eating leaves. She may not be very well. Georgina could be a giraffe.
- 3 Jack may not have any petrol in the car. A car magazine could be taking his photo. He might be waiting for someone who doesn't
- 4 The cat may be afraid of mice. The mouse could be very big. The cat could be vegetarian. There might be a very big dog behind the

### 13 Possibility and certainty in the past

- A 2f 3a 4e 5b 6g 7d
- B 2d 3f 4h 5a 6e 7g 8b
- C 2 He must have passed his test.
  - 3 You must have looked silly.
  - 4 He must have made a mistake.
  - 5 That must have been very frightening.
  - 6 They must have gone out.
  - 7 You must have slept very well.
- D 3 He must have got married in London.
  - 4 He can't have been born in 1900. (He was 25
  - 5 He may / might not have had any children. (We don't know.)
  - 6 Sarah may / might have been older than him. (We can't read this.)
  - 7 They may / might have met while they were working. (They were both servants.)
- E 2 may / might have seen
  - 3 must have had 4 can't have looked after
  - may / might have broken
  - 6 can't have made
- F 2 You must have been a good friend of John's.
  - 3 She may / might not have understood.
  - 4 The accident could / might have been a lot
  - 5 She didn't play very well she may / might have been nervous.
  - 6 I can't / couldn't have imagined it.
  - 7 You may / might not have heard what he said.
  - 8 Something must have gone wrong.

#### 14 Requests, permission, offers, suggestions, promises

- A 2 Could 3 Will 4 Would 5 not making
  - 6 shall 7 sit 8 will
- B 2 Could 3 mind 4 'll/shall 5 Will/Could
  - 6 could 7 Shall / Could

#### C Possible answers

- 2 We might go for a pizza.
- 3 How about going camping?
- 4 Why don't we go shopping at Turner's?
- 5 Let's go to the cinema.
- 6 Shall we get a new phone?

#### D Possible answers

- 2 Could we go for a pizza?
- 3 May we go camping?
- 4 Can we go shopping?
- 5 Do you mind if we go to the cinema?
- 6 Is it all right if we get a new phone?

#### E Possible answers

- 2 Do you mind if I open the window?
- 3 Could you possibly move your bags?
- 4 Could I see your tickets, please?
- 5 I'll open the door for you.
- 6 Shall I carry your bag?
- F 2 Shall I tell you 3 Why don't we talk
  - 4 Shall I make dinner 5 Is it all right if
  - 6 Do you mind 7 Could you possibly
  - 8 May I see the doctor

#### R2 Review: modals

- A 2b 3c 4a 5c 6a 7a
- 2c 3a 4c 5b 6a
  - 7b 8a 9c 10c 11a 12b
- C 2 might 3 might not 4 can't 5 may 6 might not 7 could
  - 8 can't 9 may not 10 must
- 2 may have taken 3 can't have had
  - 4 may have forgotten 5 must have found
  - 6 must have missed 7 can't have known
- 8 must have done 9 might not have made 10 may have lost
- 2b 3a 4a 5c 6b 7c 8c
- 2 Could / Can 3 must have / may have
  - 4 have to 5 should have 6 could have
  - 7 need/have 8 better 9 may/might 10 don't you 11 can't

# 15 Question forms

- A 2 Is Clare washing her hair?
  - 3 When did you see her?
  - 4 Who was the first president of America?
  - 5 Have you ever been on a horse?
  - 6 How many apples did you buy?
  - 7 What time does the game start?
- 8 Why are you standing in the rain?
- B 2 Why couldn't he sleep? 3 What did he hear?
  - 4 Where did he go? 5 How did he feel?
  - 6 What was happening?
  - 7 What was near the house? 8 What did the animal want?
- C 2 Did it? 3 Haven't you? 4 Is he?
  - 5 Were you? 6 Hasn't she?

# D Possible answers

- 2 How much do ... cost 3 Did you have
- 4 What time is 5 Do you speak 6 Have you seen? 7 Where are
- 8 Why did you
- E 2 Where does c 3 What do b

  - 4 Which of -c 5 What do -d 6 What / Which is - a 7 Where do - a
  - 8 What age b

- Possible questions 2 Did she write? Did she understand?
- Did she get a taxi? 3 Have you got the tickets? Have you seen the film?
- Have you ever been to Monaco? 4 Were they in London? Were they OK?
- Were they with you? 5 Did I say that? Did we make her angry? Did I pass?

#### 16 Question tags

- A 2c 3d 4a 5j 6e 7i 8f 9b 10g
- B 2 was he; French 3 weren't they; China
  - 4 did she; tennis 5 aren't there; 30
  - 6 shouldn't we; Eight 7 is it; twelve
  - 8 mustn't you; right

C 2 hasn't he 3 didn't we 4 aren't they

D Possible answers

2 You've seen 3 It isn't 4 You like

5 We're in 6 They can come

7 The test wasn't 8 There's

2 Neither do I. / I don't either. / Me neither

3 so will Mum / Mum will too.

4 So did Dad. / Dad did too.

5 neither has Mum / Mum hasn't either.

6 Neither do I. / I don't either. / Me neither.

7 So did I. / I did too. / Me too.

8 So will our friends. / Our friends will too.

9 So have I. / I have too. / Me too

10 Neither will I. / I won't either. / Me neither.

2d 3b 4b 5a 6d 7a 8c 9a 10b 11d 12c

G Possible answers

2 I'm not ill, am I? Yes, you are.

3 That's strange, isn't it? Yes, it is.

4 She's got a problem, hasn't she? Yes, she has.

I haven't done anything wrong have I? No, you haven't

6 It'll be very hot there, won't it? No, it won't.

17 Multi-word verbs 1: prepositional verbs

A 2 bus 3 exams 4 job 5 taxi 6 football 7 dad 8 yellow

B 2e 3a 4h 5f 6c 7d 8b

2 with 3 at 4 about 5 for 6 for 7 of 8 about 9 of 10 at 11 about 12 of

2 dealing with 3 got off

4 looked after 5 know ... about

6 suffer from 7 going through

8 looks like 9 was working on / worked on

10 ran into

2 What music were you listening to?

3 What are you thinking about?

4 What do you want to talk about?

5 Have you ever spoken to a famous person?

6 Who are you smiling at?

7 What happened to you?

8 Who paid for the meal?

F 2 Who does this bag belong to?

3 Do you agree with her?

4 Did you come across my passport when you were tidying my room?

5 I don't know whether to go for the black boots or the brown ones.

6 That shirt doesn't go with your jacket.

7 I'll pay him for the tickets.

8 We talked about films for hours.

18 Multi-word verbs 2: phrasal verbs

A 2 Stand up 3 Get up 4 hurry up

5 turn ... off 6 wash up

B 2c 3b 4f 5a/d 6d/a 7e 8g

2 out 3 in 4 down 5 off 6 up 7 on

8 out 9 away 10 down

D Possible answers

2 I'll make it up. 'it' = the story / the answer

3 Can you look it up on the Internet? 'it' = a word / some information

4 Don't put it on your head! 'it' = a bowl / my hat

5 The man told us off. 'us' = me and my friend / me and my mum

6 Can you pick that up, please? 'that' = your coat / some rubbish

7 I'm going to take them back. 'them' = the jeans / the glasses

8 Can you turn it up? 'it' = the music / the TV

E I was in the shop 'Hats and Things' at lunchtime.

There was a tall woman in the shop.

She was trying on hats. She picked up a blue one and put Yon. I remember thinking it looked good on her. I had tried on some gloves and was just taking <sup>∨</sup> off. The woman came over, picked up some gloves and put Y on too. Then she started looking at some bags. She dropped one on the floor by my feet. I bent down to pick V up and when I turned round she was just going out. And she was still wearing the clothes! I ran out to stop her taking \(^{\text{away}}\), but then I felt someone's hand on my shoulder. It was the shop owner. I was still holding the bag! And he started telling off while

the woman got away! 2 Turn it on 3 find it out 4 get them back 5 give it up 6 pick you up 7 throw it away 8 wake me up

#### 19 Verb + to-infinitive or -ing

+ to or -ing A +to +-ing admit begin arrange deserve continue avoid deny hate fail deny help enjoy love prefer manage keep regret promise miss refuse remember suggest seem try would like

2 to bring 3 doing 4 to come

5 to cook / cooking 6 working 7 to become

8 having 9 to be / being 10 to go

11 seeing 12 to meet

C 3a 4b 5a 6b 7b 8a 9b 10a 11a 12b

2a 3c 4d 5a 6a 7d 8b 9c **10**c **11**c **12**d

E 2 Mick suggests / suggested buying some flowers.

3 Andy won't manage to finish all the work.

4 Steve would like to have a coffee.

5 Kate refuses / refused to do it.

6 Jo denies / denied stealing the money.

7 Kay arranged to meet at 7.00.

8 Maggie's hair needs washing. / Maggie needs to wash her hair.

2 remember seeing 3 likes to take / taking

4 manage to phone 5 seem to be

6 prefer having / to have

7 would like to apologise 8 arrange to give

9 forget going

10 continue / are continuing to investigate / investigating

#### 20 Verb + object + to-infinitive

A 2a 3f 4b 5h 6i 7c 8d 9j 10g

B 2 to buy 3 let 4 go 5 pay 6 to sit 7 not to get 8 to run 9 say 10 to play

C 2c 3c 4b 5b 6a

D 2 ask ... to answer 3 warn ... to eat

4 let ... go 5 force ... to do

6 advise / tell ... to be 7 help ... (to) grow

8 see ... choose 9 need ... to talk

10 advise / tell ... to go

E 2 Charles clean the machines.

3 Nancy visit her mother on Saturday.

4 the workers to have a bath on Sunday.

5 Robert to do his Latin homework.

6 Emily how to use the new machine.

7 Jonas to paint the walls.

8 Lady Grey to come to tea next Friday.

F 2 his heart beat very fast 3 her to come round

4 her drive to the house

5 her take off her coat 6 him not to panic

7 him to sit down and think 8 him start to cry

#### 21 Linking verbs: be, get, feel, etc.

A 2 keeps 3 look 4 went 5 went 6 taste

7 seems 8 grew 9 is 10 sounds

B 1 sounds terrible 2 seems difficult 3 smell lovely

C 2 get 3 become / get 4 become

5 become / get 6 get 7 become

8 become / get

D 2a 3d 4c 5b 6a 7b 8a 9d **10**c **11**b **12**d

E Possible answers

2 I want to become a writer. 3 I don't feel well.

4 It doesn't look fresh. 5 That sounds strange!

6 It's getting warmer. 7 It feels terrible.

8 I look like my mother.

#### Possible answers

2 hungry He hasn't had any breakfast.

3 nice

I like her a lot. 4 colder

Soon it will be winter.

5 more expensive Everyone wants more money.

6 scientists

You need to study a lot.

#### R3 Review: questions; multi-word verbs; verb structures

A 2 How much 3 Who 4 Where

5 What 6 How 7 How often 8 Which 9 Whose 10 Why

2 weren't there 3 aren't | 4 shall |

5 aren't they 6 have 1 7 will he

8 isn't it 9 doesn't she 10 will you

11 don't we 12 should he 13 haven't they 14 won't you 15 can he

2 have 3 can I 4 you should 5 I haven't

6 won't 7 did you 8 didn't

9 Neither/Nordo 10 neither 11 should I

12 wasn't 13 does too 14 would

15 not either

2 look this word up / look up this word

3 looking forward to it 4 told them off

5 made that up

give chocolate up / give up chocolate

turn it down 8 dealing with problems

9 throw it away

10 coming up with strange ideas

11 turn the light off / turn off the light

12 take it back

E 2d to 3i for 4b about 5c for 6j to 7a like 8e to 9f with 10h at / about

2 trying 3 to send 4 to take 5 breaking

6 not going 7 not to drive 8 to be

9 to take 10 making

11 tidying / to be tidied

2b 3c 4d 5a 6b 7b 8d 9c 10d 11a 12c

#### 22 Articles

A 2 a beautiful country

3 The Amur leopard; the most endangered; in the

4 Diwali; in October or November

6 the sun; in the UK; in Australia

- 7 an old car; the only car
- 8 Time
- B 2 safe water 3 an hour 4 The Romans
  - 5 Mondays 6 an aunt 7 The government
  - 8 Canada
- C 2 Dr Hammond gave me good advice.
  - 3 Do you like living in the country?
  - 4 What an untidy house!
  - 5 We are learning about the planets at school.
  - 6 Why does the moon go round the Earth?
  - 7 This car runs on electricity.
  - 8 Put your coat on the bed.
- D 2 Yes. I've got them for the film at 3. What time will / do you get here?
  - 3 At 2.00. I didn't have lunch. Are you hungry?
  - 4 Yes, let's eat before the film.
  - 5 OK. Where's the best café?
  - 6 Tom's Place on Station Road. Have you got a
  - 7 I've got / I got one from the Internet. See you there.
- E 2 a 3 a 4 The 5 a 6 A/The 7 -8 - 9 - 10 - 11 - / the 12 a 13 -
  - 14 15 the 16 17 18 the
  - 19 the 20 the 21 A 22 The 23 -24 An 25 -
- F 2 That's the boy with a famous father.
  - 3 He's been working with the young for ten years.
  - 4 What a terrible journey!
  - 5 She lives in a lovely house by the sea.
  - 6 The potatoes cost £1 a kilo.
  - 7 I'm the tallest in my class.
  - 8 He speaks in / has got / has a very quiet voice.

#### 23 Quantifiers 1

Α	countable	uncountable	both
	chair	advice	danger
	computer	information	hair
	map	knowledge	wood
	mountain	luggage	
	nose	money	
	piece	news	
	street	pasta	
	torch	traffic	

B 2 each 3 any 4 All 5 Both 6 Everyone 7 some 8 any 9 either 10 no

#### C Possible answers

- 2 Both boots are / Each boot is black.
- 3 Some jumpers are green / yellow.
- 4 Each / Every chocolate bar is brown.
- 5 All the apples are / Every apple is red.
- 6 Every / Each radio is blue.
- 7 Both maps are / Each map is pink and blue.
- 8 Some socks are pink / grey.

#### D Possible answers

- 2 There are no museums. / There aren't any / many museums.
- 3 Neither will be OK.
- 4 Don't use any salt. / Use no salt.
- 5 I went to every shop / some shops.
- 6 Nobody asked me.
- 7 All of us can.
- 8 There were some / many questions.
- 9 Both her brothers knew.
- 10 You can't swim anywhere here. / You can swim nowhere here.
- E 2 a some b no c neither (c The biggest problem is having no water.)
  - 3 a none b any c some (c)
  - 4 a anything b both c all (b)
  - 5 a some b nothing c all (a)
  - 6 a every day b all day c no (a)

- 2 None 3 some 4 anything 5 both
  - 6 either 7 no 8 No one 9 any
  - 10 every 11 all

#### 24 Quantifiers 2

- 2 Not many 3 Most 4 a lot of 5 Few
  - 6 Most 7 a few 8 most 9 Few
  - 10 99% 11 Few 12 Most
- B 2 many 3 Many 4 too much 5 How many
  - 6 much 7 How much 8 too many / many
- C 2 We have been missing you a lot.
  - 3 We were given little information about the war.
  - 4 A few of us would like to go to Japan.
  - 5 You're not old enough to understand.
  - 6 There are a couple of good restaurants here.
  - His health has improved a little.
  - 8 I've got a bit of good news.
- D 2h 3a 4e 5d 6f 7c 8b
- E 2 I don't remember much of the story.
  - 3 He talks to her a lot.
  - 4 I've got too much luggage.
  - 5 How much chocolate do you eat? / Do you eat much chocolate?
  - 6 Drink a lot of water.
  - 7 There's too much work and there aren't enough people to do it. / There aren't enough people to do the work.
  - 8 We knew a couple of (the) people at the wedding.
- 2 Many 3 a few 4 a lot of 5 How many
  - 6 much 7 a couple of 8 too much
  - 9 a few 10 plenty of 11 enough
  - 12 a lot

#### 25 Reflexive and reciprocal pronouns

- A yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, themselves
- B 2 himself 3 myself 4 herself
- C 3a 4b 5b 6a 7a 8b 9b 10a 11a 12b
- 2 yourself 3 herself 4 itself 5 me
  - 6 each other / one another 7 her
  - 8 myself 9 each other / one another
  - 10 us 11 ourselves
  - 12 each other / one another

#### E Possible answers

- 2 He cut himself.
- 3 No, they wrote it themselves.
- 4 No, I did it by myself.
- 5 Yes, did you make it yourself?
- 6 It wakes up by itself.
- 2 yourself 3 ourselves 4 themselves
  - 5 each other / one another 6 herself
  - 7 himself 8 him 9 itself 10 himself
  - 11 yourself 12 each other / one another

# 26 Prepositions of place, movement and

- A at 6.20
- in the country

July

the pocket

- the bus stop
- 73 Forest Road Jo's party
- Poland New Year the spring
- on
- my birthday
- Sunday evening
- the top floor the wall
- the way
- B 2h 3e 4f 5a 6d 7b 8g
- 2 at 3 in 4 at the side of 5 at 6 for 7 behind 8 out of 9 to 10 in front of
  - 11 around 12 into 13 on 14 on 15 by

- 16 in
- D 2a 3b, c 4a 5b, c 6b 7c 8c 9a 10b, c
- E Possible answers
  - 2 two years 3 half an hour
  - 4 he was 10 years old 5 Friday
  - 6 World War II
  - 7 the ages of five and 10 / 2005 and 2010.
  - 8 New Year / the weekend

#### F Possible answers

- 2 on a farm / at the zoo
- 3 in front of a noun / after the verb be
- 4 on your birthday
- 5 in the east
- 6 on your coat / on a shirt
- 8 on Tuesdays / on Tuesday afternoon / at ten o'clock
- 10 in a dictionary

A sends, build, wish, allow, leave, telling, teaches, brings, costs

- 3 Give the football to Jennifer. / Give Jennifer the
- 4 Buy the scarf for Grandad. / Buy Grandad the
- 5 Give the hairdryer to Liz. / Give Liz the hairdryer.
- 7 Give the trainers to Patty. / Give Patty the trainers.
- C 2 I threw him the keys.
  - 4 She sold Fiona a bike.
  - 5 She promised it to me.
  - 7 They offered us some advice.
- D 3 4 for 5 6 to 7 8 to
- E 2 charged me 3 sold a computer to
  - 5 to tell you something
  - 6 explained the problem to me
  - 7 allows me red meat once 8 sister lent me her skirt / lent her skirt to me

  - 10 She said, 'Be careful!'

# My Turn!

- 2 to; telling 3 say to; wish; to me 4 myself; for
- 5 for; say; my mum 6 you; for me; you

# 28 Prepositions



27 Verbs with two objects

#### B Possible answers

- 6 Buy the CD for Max. / Buy Max the CD.
- 8 Give Sarah the doll. / Give the doll to Sarah.
- 3 Mike showed his photos to me.
- 6 Send him it.
- 8 She teaches Maths to children.
- 9 to 10 -
  - 4 promised me her old printer

  - 9 describe Venice to you

- B 2 to 3 for 4 from 5 concerning
  - 6 without 7 in 8 on 9 for 10 against
- C 2 by; about 3 on 4 to 5 by 6 on
- 7 with; in 8 on 9 to
- D 2 up to 3 In case of 4 in spite of
  - 5 Far from 6 by means of 7 above average
  - 8 in fact 9 except for 10 in place of
- E 2 The players lacked confidence.
  - 3 She fell over on purpose.
  - 4 There was a problem with the train. That was the reason for the delay.
  - 5 My grandmother's life was very different from
  - 6 He writes books for adults as well as children.
  - The trains were delayed due to the snow.
  - 8 She's always doing things in a hurry.
  - 9 He is responsible for / has responsibility for advertising.

#### F Possible answers

- 2 about
- I'm worried about my friend he is not very well.
- 3 in
- I'm not interested in History.
- 4 on
  - I was keen on stories from the Disney films.
- 5 of
  - I'm proud of getting a good mark in my English test.
- 6 about
  - The best thing (about being on holiday) is not getting up early.
- - I prefer to study on my own.
- - The last thing I watched (on TV) was the news.

# R4 Review: articles; quantifiers;

#### pronouns; prepositions

- A 2 the 3 a 4 the 5 the 6 an 7 a
  - 8 the 9 the
- 2 3 4 5 6 the 7 the
  - 8 the 9 10 11 a 12 the 13 the 14 a
- 2 every 3 little 4 some 5 many
  - 6 some 7 too 8 no 9 few 10 most
  - 11 anyone 12 a lot of 13 either
  - 14 None 15 both
- 2 it by myself 3 will turn itself
  - 4 sent one another 5 paid for us
  - 6 each other laugh 7 answer by themselves
  - 8 blames herself for 9 borrow one another's
  - 10 children behaved themselves
- 2 a and b (S) 3 b and c (D) 4 a and c (D)
  - 5 bandc(S) 6 bandc(S) 7 bandc(D)
  - 8 a and c(S) 9 a and c(D) 10 a and c(S)
  - 11 a and c(D) 12 a and c(D) 13 b and c(S)
- 3 He's always telling us stories / stories to us.
  - Could you pass me the water / the water to me please?
  - 5 These shoes only cost me 15 euros.
  - 6 She just speaks Hindi to her mum.
  - 7 Can you say that to me more slowly please?
  - 8 Who gave it to you?
  - 9 It was John who suggested the idea to me.
  - 10 I need to buy my sister a present / a present for my sister for her birthday.
  - 11 I want to explain something to you.
  - 12 She'd like you to teach that song you were singing to her.
- G 2 as 3 for 4 into 5 into 6 on 7 as
  - 8 for 9 of 10 over/round/around
  - 11 in 12 about/on 13 from 14 to
  - 15 at 16 In 17 on

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#### 29 Adjectives

- A 2 It's quite difficult to learn.
  - 3 I'm keen to try it.
  - 4 The boots have four small plastic wheels in a line.
  - 5 It's absolutely brilliant!
  - 6 Old people usually do this sport.
  - 7 You need to wear knee pads and a helmet.
  - 8 Increasing numbers of teenagers are taking up this sport.
  - 9 It's a bit frightening.
- B 2g racing driver 3d windsurfing
  - 4f table tennis 5c snowboard
  - 6e swimming pool 7h rock climbing 8a goalkeeper
- C 2 confused 3 depressing 4 shocking
  - 5 frightened 6 boring 7 amazed
  - 8 surprising 9 pleased
- D 2 The woman was alone in the building.
  - 3 They have three lovely happy children.
  - 4 It's a small square blue plastic thing.
  - 5 It was quite a tiring meeting.
  - I would like some new black leather football
  - 7 He's bought a red Italian car.
  - 8 They're having quite a worrying time.
- E 2 You were wrong to say that.
  - There were no buses it wasn't possible to get
  - 4 Children are usually quick to learn.
  - 5 He's afraid to go out alone at night.
  - 6 Sorry to interrupt but have you seen Mr Lee?
  - I was anxious to get home in time.
  - 8 That was the right thing to do.

#### F Possible answers

- 2 We were absolutely freezing!
- 3 It was very hot.
- 4 She was absolutely exhausted!
- 5 It was absolutely awful!
- 6 It's very big.
- The burgers are very tasty here.
- 8 It was absolutely impossible!

#### 30 Comparatives

- A 2c 3f 4e 5g 6a 7h 8d
- B 2 A mile is further than a kilometre.
  - 3 Sky blue is paler than navy blue.
  - 4 A dolphin is cleverer than a snake.
  - 5 Gold is more valuable than silver.
  - 6 Yoga is more relaxing than football.
  - 7 Wind energy is cleaner than nuclear energy.
- 8 A billionaire is richer than a millionaire.
- C 2 as 3 as 4 like 5 far 6 as 7 to 8 than
- D 2 as far away as possible
  - 3 as early as possible
  - 4 as comfortable as possible
  - as soon as possible
  - 6 as often as possible
  - 7 as clearly as possible
  - 8 as little as possible
- 2 more easily / faster 3 more carefully
  - 4 more confident 5 harder 6 more aware
  - 7 faster / more easily 8 as logical as
  - 9 less / more interested 10 further

#### Possible answers

- 2 more polite 3 further / longer
- 4 better than 5 worse / worse and worse
- 6 more common 7 more quickly
- 8 higher / higher and higher

#### 31 Superlatives

- A 2 the healthiest 3 the most beautiful
  - 4 (the) strongest 5 the worst 6 (the) latest
  - 7 the most exciting 8 Most
- B Famous city: Cambridge
  - 2 smallest 3 most expensive 4 best
  - 5 furthest 6 most difficult 7 driest
  - 8 highest 9 least
- C 2 The most interesting place for tourists is Clarkesville Park.
  - 3 The most famous person is the writer, Art Jones.
  - 4 The best way to get around is the bus.
  - 5 The nicest thing to do is walking by the river.
- 6 The coolest place to go is Route 66 disco.
- D 2 The boxer is the shortest / smallest.
  - 3 The hat is the most expensive / costs the most.
  - 4 The tie is the cheapest / costs the least.
  - Melbourne is the hottest.
  - 6 Moscow is the coldest.
- E 2 The most unusual 3 largest 4 The deepest
- 5 the easiest 6 the furthest / farthest
- 7 the rarest 8 the most dangerous
- 9 the tastiest 10 the best

### F Possible answers

- 2 Water: it's the healthiest drink.
- 3 Maths: it's the most useful.
- 4 Autumn: it's the most colourful.
- 5 Chess: it's the most intelligent. 6 Fish: they are the quietest.

# 32 Adverbs and adverb phrases

- A 2f 3h 4b 5g 6a 7e 8c
- B 2 Hi! I was just talking about you! 3 He's only leading the competition by one point. / He's leading the competition by only one
  - 4 The TV series is very popular mostly with teenagers. / The TV series is mostly very popular
  - with teenagers. 5 Mandy mainly works at the weekends. / Mandy
  - works mainly at the weekends. 6 You can either come to a class on Wednesday evening or on Friday morning. / You can come to a class either on Wednesday evening or on
  - Friday morning. 7 It's very busy at the weekends, so she has to work hard.
- C 2 Tasked to see a doctor quickly. / Quickly Tasked
  - to see a doctor. 3 He sometimes doesn't wake up until 10.00. / Sometimes he doesn't wake up until 10.00. / He
  - doesn't wake up until 10.00 sometimes. 4 We should never have gone. / We never should
  - 5 He began crying quietly. / He quietly began
  - crying. / Quietly he began crying.
  - 6 I have always wanted to see L.A. 7 I would not normally have done that. / Normally I would not have done that. / I would not have
  - done that normally. 8 It will soon be dark. / Soon it will be dark. / It will be dark soon.
- D 2 Poppy smiled at me in a friendly way.
  - 3 She runs very fast.
  - 4 Teventually passed my driving test. / Eventually I passed my driving test. / I passed my driving test eventually.
  - 5 He is hardly ever late. 6 I play chess quite well.
  - 7 She was not well enough to leave hospital. Possible answers
  - 2 in Dubai on holiday.
  - 3 badly in the summer. 4 there immediately.
  - 5 carefully in the corner of the page.
- 6 quietly at the back.

- F 2 Jeffrey Bleim has always enjoyed diving. Now he works (in Florida) as a golf ball diver (in Florida). (In one day / often) he (often) collects 5,000 balls from lakes on golf courses (in one day). (Weekly) That's 35,000 balls (weekly).
  - 3 Ellen Sirot is a foot model. She wears a lot of make-up, but (only) on her feet (only). (Every night) before she goes to sleep (every night), Ellen puts lots of cream on her feet. / Every night she sleeps with her feet in plastic bags and never wears high heels.
  - 4 When she was three, Francie Berger started playing with LEGO bricks and she has never stopped. When she left college, she soon got a job as a model maker with LEGO. (Today) she can build models with as many bricks as she wants (today).

#### 33 The passive 1

- A 2 invented 3 is called 4 have known
- 5 was being collected 6 should be thrown away
- 7 do you make 8 was not invited
- B 2 ID may be requested.
  - 3 Tickets must be shown at the door.
  - 4 If you leave a bag in the station, it will be taken away and may be destroyed.
  - 5 Credit cards are not accepted.
  - 6 Please do not make too much noise or you will be asked to leave.
  - 7 Hard hats must be worn.
  - 8 ID should be carried at all times.
- 2 can be shaped 3 could not have been built
  - 4 have only been produced 5 was discovered
  - 6 is found 7 is taken 8 is heated
  - 9 was first produced 10 are needed
- 11 is reused 12 can be recycled
- D 2 The road is being repaired
  - 3 The floor is being cleaned.
  - 4 The film is being shown today.
  - 5 The mice are being studied.
  - 6 She is being taken to hospital.
- 2 have closed / have been closed
- 3 is being blamed / has been blamed
  - 4 are wasting / have been wasting

  - 5 have been put forward / are being put forward
  - 6 could be asked 7 was arrested
  - 8 was trying 9 is ... being questioned
- 10 got 11 was born 12 (was) brought up
- 13 made

#### Possible headlines

DRIVERS WASTING PETROL MAN ARRESTED IN CITY CENTRE MAX TOBIN MARRIED IN SECRET

- F 1 The film was directed by Irvin Kershner.
  - 2 The first six Star Wars films were written by / were based on a story by George Lucas.
  - 3 Luke Skywalker is played by Mark Hamill. / Mark Hamill stars as Luke Skywalker.
  - 4 It won the Oscar<sup>TM</sup> for best sound.
  - 5 It was filmed in Norway and the Elstree Studios in London.
  - 6 The film was followed by Return of the Jedi.

#### 34 The passive 2

- A 2 to be left out 3 will be sold
  - 4 to be interviewed 5 was used
  - 6 was bought 7 to be heard
  - 8 to be forgiven 9 to be put
- B 2 have / get my teeth checked (by a dentist) every six months.
  - 3 like to be remembered
  - 4 is thought to be extremely poisonous
  - 5 a parcel left for me
  - 6 to be told the results
  - 7 needs to be fixed

- 8 being taken for a walk
- 9 is expected to be the best ever
- 10 being told I would fail
- C 2 An appointment will be offered to you as soon as possible.
  - 3 I wasn't left any food.
  - 4 Neal was offered the last place in the team.
  - 5 The room was shown to her as soon as she arrived.
  - 6 The school was bought new computers.
  - 7 I was lent the car for a week.
  - 8 A seat in the back row was found for me.

#### D Possible answers

- 2 He prefers to be / get involved in film work.
- 3 He doesn't like being left on his own.
- 4 He hates being photographed.
- 5 He hopes to be remembered for playing
- 6 He loves being surrounded by friends.
- 7 He wants to be taken seriously.
- 8 He hates being told what to do.

#### E Possible answers

- 2 needs cleaning / to be cleaned
- 3 needs feeding / needs to be fed
- 4 needs cutting / needs to be cut
- 5 need checking / need to be checked
- 6 needs changing / needs to be changed
- 7 needs doing / needs to be done
- 8 need washing / need to be washed

#### F Possible answers

- 2 He's having / getting his temperature taken.
- 3 He's having / getting his truck painted.
- 4 She's having / getting her teeth checked.
- He's having / getting his coat cleaned.
- 6 She's having / getting a jacket made.

# 35 Zero, first and second conditionals

- A 3a 4b 5a 6b 7b 8a 9b 10a 11b 12a
- B 2 would 3 am 4 Will 5 knew 6 doesn't 7 would be 8 breaks 9 unless 10 if

#### C Possible answers

- 2 we'll have a picnic.
- 3 If I'm with my friend Sam
- 4 I'd buy her a present.
- 5 If we win the football match
- I would still be in bed!
- 7 You won't pass the Geography test
- 8 my dad knows.
- D 3 If I felt frightened, I'd go to my parents' room.
  - 4 If their room was empty, I'd call their mobiles.
  - 5 If their mobiles were switched off, I'd be worried.
  - 6 If I sat down on the bed, I'd think what to do next.
  - 7 If I closed my eyes, I'd fall asleep.
  - 8 If I heard my alarm clock, I'd wake up.
- E 2a 3c 4b 5d 6c 7b 8c 9a 10d

#### Possible answers

- 2 I'll lend you the money if you give it back to me tomorrow.
- 3 You wouldn't believe me if I told you.
- 4 I'll phone if I get lost.
- 5 I might go to Greece if I can save enough money.
- 6 I get angry if my sister borrows my clothes.

# 36 Third conditional, I wish, If only

- A 2 late 3 bad 4 didn't take; didn't get
  - 5 far away 6 can't 7 didn't drive; was
  - 8 gave 9 helped; didn't take
- B 2 would have called ('d have called)
  - 3 had listened ('d listened) 4 had eaten ('d eaten)
  - 5 would have seen ('d have seen)
  - 6 had been ('d been) 7 had lost ('d lost)
  - 8 would have gone ('d have gone)

- C 2 I wish / If only I had enough money / I could afford
  - 3 I wish ... were
  - 4 I wish / If only ... were going
- D 2 we had ('d) left earlier
  - 3 I had ('d) heard the phone, I would ('d) have spoken to her
  - 4 they could come tonight
  - 5 would have been finished if they had ('d) had enough time
  - 6 I was sitting nearer the front
  - 7 had ('d) gone to Australia with her friends, she would ('d) have had a good time
  - 8 I hadn't sent that email

#### E Possible answers

- 1 | wish | hadn't written short stories for magazines.
- 2 I wish I had not got married.
- 3 I wish I had not become famous so quickly.
- 4 I wish I had made / earned more money.
- 5 I wish my wife had not become ill.
- 6 I wish my books had been more successful.

#### Possible answers

- 2 If I'd found the first shop, I wouldn't have got a phone for half the price.
- 3 If I hadn't got stuck in the ice, I wouldn't have met my husband. 4 I wouldn't have gone to college if I hadn't
- travelled for a year. 5 If my boss hadn't told me to leave, I wouldn't
- have started my own business. 6 We wouldn't have moved to the country if my
- parents had had enough money. 7 If I had passed my Maths exam the first time, I wouldn't have found out I really liked Maths.

# 37 Variations on conditionals

- A 2a 3c 4b 5a 6c
- B 2 is working 3 was 4 should
  - 5 would 6 hadn't been 7 Should 8 then
- C 2 Mum gets nervous if Dad is driving.
  - 3 If you are staying in London, let's meet.
  - 4 Nobody laughed if I told a joke.
  - 5 If we don't go now, it might be too late. 6 If Clare is going to the party, she needs a nice dress.
- D 2 take 3 Had 4 happen
  - 5 is not (isn't) flying 6 wasn't / weren't
  - 7 read 8 have ('ve) finished
- 2 can't 3 would 4 wasn't 5 could 6 are 7 Should 8 Were 9 happen

#### 10 then Possible answers

- 2 his father can find a better job.
- 3 you know of children in the same situation.
- 4 he is not able to study.
- 5 We wouldn't need children to work
- 6 she will work anywhere.

# R5 Review: comparatives and superlatives; the passive; conditionals

- A 2 happier 3 easier 4 the nearest
  - 5 earlier 6 the biggest 7 more complicated
  - 8 healthier 9 carefully 10 more expensive 11 the most famous 12 the wettest
- 3d 4c 5a 6b 7c 8a 9d 10b 2 hate having / getting my hair cut.
  - 3 were you asked in the exam?
  - 4 is being shown live on TV. 5 wasn't allowed to leave.
  - 6 are being treated in hospital.
  - 7 were being questioned (by police).

- 8 had been broken with a stone.
- was given to the journalists (by the woman).
- 10 should have been reported before.
- 2 is said 3 been offered 4 is thought
  - 5 be agreed 6 is expected 7 was told
  - 8 be changed 9 is reported
  - 10 being followed 11 be left
  - 12 will be announced
- 2b 3b 4b 5a 6b 7a 8b 9a 10b
- F 2 get 3 could 4 happen 5 wouldn't
  - 6 wouldn't have learned 7 as long as
  - 8 Supposing 9 had asked 10 wouldn't

#### 38 Indirect statements

- A 2 wanted 3 lived 4 were driving 5 are
  - 6 had seen 7 had been working 8 died
  - couldn't 10 would
- 2 Dave isn't speaking to me
  - ... we've had / had a big argument.
  - 4 You need to see Dave again.
  - 5 Dave has been feeling terrible since your argument.
  - 6 I tried to call Dave yesterday.
  - ... he just put the phone down.
  - 8 Dave isn't my friend any more.
  - 9 I can't understand it.
  - 10 Write Dave an email tomorrow.
- C 2 (that) she was flying.
  - 3 (that) he was a genius.
  - 4 (that) he had toothache.
  - 5 (that) he had been there.
  - 6 (that) she could do it.
- D 2 said (that) she was reading
  - 3 thought Liz had asked him
  - 4 I will ('ll) leave tomorrow
  - 5 strange (that) nobody knew
  - 6 (that) nobody likes me
  - 7 said (that) I had to
  - 8 did it a month ago
- 2 was 3 was hiding / had hidden
  - 4 could get 5 beat / had beaten
  - 6 had invented 7 would make
  - 8 might change 9 was playing
  - 10 heard / had heard

### F Possible answers

- 2 that was too much money.
- 3 that there will be lots more cars near my house.
- 4 there might be.
- 5 that the acting was bad.
- 6 that I wanted a pet tiger.

#### 39 Indirect questions

- A 2f 3g 4b 5c 6h 7a 8e
- 2 I wonder when Jack's birthday is.
  - 3 Liz doesn't care what I say.
  - 4 Nobody knows if Simon passed his exam.
  - 5 She told me where it happened.
  - The doctor asked whether I was all right.
  - 7 Charles is thinking what to do.
  - 8 There is the problem of where we get the money.

#### C Possible answers

- 2 when her birthday was.
- 3 why she hadn't come to school.
- 4 if he was coming to the party.
- 5 who gave her the flowers.
- 6 if you are going to buy a new computer?
- D 2b 3c 4c 5a 6c 7a 8b 9c 10b

#### E Possible answers

- 2 They are wondering where they are.
- 3 She can't understand why her daughter did it.
- 4 He's asking what is in the bag.
- 5 He's not sure if it's warm enough.
- 6 She's asking how it happened.

#### Possible answers

- 2 Jill wondered why his phone was switched off.
- 3 Jill asked Tom if he had seen Jack.
- 4 Jill wanted to know where Jack had been.
- 5 Jill didn't know what the noise was.
- 6 Jill wondered if Jack had heard it.
- 7 Jill didn't understand what was happening.
- 8 Jill wondered what the spacesuits were for.
- 9 Jack asked Jill if she would put on the
- 10 Jack wanted to know if Jill was happy.

#### G Possible answers

- 2 I wonder if Serena Williams likes her sister.
- 3 I want to know if he wrote all the plays himself.
- 4 My question is why he became an explorer.
- 5 I'd ask what her next film will be about.
- 6 I wonder how she knows she is the cleverest person in the world.

#### 40 Defining relative clauses

- A 2 in which / when 3 which 4 to whom
  - 5 who has / with 6 when 7 that / why
  - 8 what
- B 2b 3f 4h 5d 6e 7a 8c
- C 2 who/that 3 (which/that) 4 which/that
- 5 who / that 6 (who / that) 7 who / that
- 8 (who / which / that)
- D 2 something that I'm proud of
  - 3 understand the joke they were laughing at
  - 4 the book which the film is based on
  - 5 found the books which you were looking for
  - 6 which they came across were very old
  - 7 the song you were listening to yesterday
  - 8 she was married to has died
- E 2 This is the film (which / that) the Coen brothers are most famous for. / This is the film for which the Coen brothers are most famous. (formal)
  - 3 That's the guy whose son you go to school with.
  - 4 The people whose names I read out should come to the front of the class.
  - You'll never guess who I've just been talking to.
  - Why don't we visit that museum whose website you were looking at?
  - 7 There are some shoes in this shop (which / that) I'd really like.
  - 8 Suddenly Dawn saw the man (who) she had bought the car from. / Suddenly Dawn saw the man from whom she had bought the car. (formal)

#### F Possible answers

- 2 A chatroom is a place on a website where you can send a message and receive an immediate reply from other users.
- 3 A cybercafé is a shop or a café where you can use the Internet.
- 4 An email is a message (which / that) you send on the Internet.
- 5 A laptop or a notebook is a small computer (which / that) you can carry with you. 6 A screen is the part of the computer (which /
- that) you look at. 7 Bill Gates is one of the businessmen who started Microsoft.

#### 41 Non-defining relative clauses

- A 2 whose 3 which 4 whom 5 which
  - 6 who 7 where 8 when
- B 2 where 3 when 4 which 5 where

C 2 which ... about 3 whose ... into 4 of which

- 6 whose 7 which 8 who
- 5 which ... for 6 who ... about 7 whose ... after 8 of whom

- D 2 There are 132 rooms and 35 bathrooms in the White House, where the President of the United States lives.
  - 3 Vincent Van Gogh, whose most famous work is probably Sunflowers, was born in the Netherlands in 1853.
  - 4 Landing on the planet Mars, which scientists had always dreamed of, was finally achieved in 1976.
  - 5 The Sydney Opera House, whose roof looks like the sails of many boats, was designed by Danish architect, Jorn Utzon.
  - 6 Che Guevara, who died in 1967, fought in the Cuban Revolution.
  - 7 The idea of using sound waves, which we now know as ultrasound, to find illness was put forward in the middle of the 20th century.
  - 8 The Russian winter, when temperatures typically drop to -25°C, lasts from late October to April.
- E It is a true story, which the beginning of the film Good Will Hunting is based on.

The story is about a young maths student, George Dantzig, who studied at the University of California, Berkeley, in the USA.

One day Dantzig arrived late for a class and copied down two maths problems from the board, which he thought were for homework.

The problems, both of which Dantzig found difficult, took him longer than usual to solve. A few weeks later, when Dantzig had forgotten all about the homework, he was woken early by someone at the front door. He opened the door to find his teacher, who was

very excited, with the homework in his hand. Dantzig, whose father was a mathematician, believed this was an example of positive thinking.

#### Possible answers

- 2 whose name was Alfred
- 3 who was also going to the town
- 4 who was in a hurry
- 5 which made him angry
- 6 who was getting tired
- 7 which were now empty 8 where he could stay
- 9 who had arrived earlier

### 42 Word formation 1

- A 3a 4b 5a 6b 7b 8a 9a 10b
- 2 re 3 y 4 pre 5 en 6 under 7 pro 8 ise/ize 9 like 10 able

Down

1 misunderstood

8 overslept

- C Across
  - 4 strengthen
  - 5 terrify
  - 3 worthless 7 professional 6 musical
  - 9 disappointed
  - 10 substandard
  - 11 reinvent 12 international
- D 2 modernise / modernize 3 accidental
- 4 overheat 5 retake 6 hopeless
- 7 preview 8 Finnish
- - 2 illogical 3 demonstrate 4 mispronounce
  - 5 ineffective 6 reform 7 criticise/ize 8 unworkable 9 reorganise / ize
  - 10 successful 11 pro-spelling 12 simplify
- 13 unpronounceable 14 predictable
- 15 chaotic 16 revolutionise / ize
- 2 selling by telephone 3 to join together
- 4 a colour similar to blue 5 to get off a plane
- 6 not suitable for people to read / hear

#### 43 Word formation 2

dis	agree	bag	ful
	comfort	hand	
	count	help	
	play	play	
	similar	rest	
	trust	trust	
un	importance	count	ess
	rest	lion	
	popular	steward	
re	count	found	ation
	play	relax	
	vision		
under	graduate	popular	ity
	ground	similar	
	wear		
self	confidence	agree	ment
	help	enjoy	ment
	importance	treat	

- B 2 reproduction / co-production
  - 3 distrust / mistrust 4 semi-circle
  - 5 autobiography 6 microchip
  - 7 non-smoker 8 underwear 9 waiter
  - 10 neighbourhood 11 assistant / assistance
  - 12 guitarist 13 hardship 14 spoonful
  - 15 weakness 16 millionairess

#### C Possible answers

- 2 formation, reform, deformity, formality
- 3 mini-market, marketer, supermarket
- 4 manager, ex-manager, management, selfmanagement
- 5 replay, auto-play, player, co-player
- 6 ruler, ex-ruler, self-rule
- D 2 understanding something wrongly
  - 3 a small part of one second
  - 4 a word with one syllable
  - 5 the study of society
  - 6 a boat which goes under the sea
  - 7 a female tiger
  - 8 somebody who applies for something
- E 2 competition 3 presentation
  - 4 ex-president 5 retirement 6 winner
  - 7 e-book 8 specialist 9 disagreement
  - 10 confidence 11 commitment
  - 12 originality 13 mega-star
  - 14 imagination 15 usefulness
- F 2 microscope 3 monopoly 4 subway
  - 5 <u>un</u>happi<u>ness</u> 6 <u>semi</u>colon
  - 7 accountant or auditor 8 competition

#### 44 It and there

- A 2g 3d 4h 5b 6c 7a 8e
- B 2b 3borc 4a 5c 6aorc 7 borc 8a
- C 2 It 3 There 4 It 5 There 6 It 7 It 8 there
- D 2 nothing 3 clear 4 point 5 important 6 matter 7 doubt 8 impossible
- E 2 It's snowy. 4 There's a fox.
  - 5 It's half past three. 6 It's 14 November.
  - 7 There's one customer.
  - 8 There are lots of clocks. 9 It's a hot day.
  - 10 It's 40° C. 11 There's nobody in the café.
  - 12 There are a lot of empty tables.
- F 2 There's no need for you to know.
  - 3 It's time you left.
  - 4 It's no good talking to him.
  - 5 It took me three hours to finish it.
  - 6 There are said to be / It is said (that) there are 500,000 words in the English language.

- 7 There's no way I'm going on my own.
- 8 There's / can be no doubt about the winner. / There's / can be no doubt who the winner is.
- 9 I couldn't believe it when they walked in the room.

#### 45 Linking words 1

- A 2c 3e 4b 5h 6f 7g 8a
- B 2 Let's have lunch before we go. / Before we go, let's have lunch.
  - 3 We had a surprise when we arrived. / When we arrived, we had a surprise.
  - 4 They watched a film and had dinner afterwards. / They watched a film and afterwards had dinner. / They had dinner and watched a film afterwards. / They had dinner and afterwards watched a film.
  - 5 It was midnight by the time we got home. / By the time we got home, it was midnight.
  - 6 Once you've finished eating, we can start. / We can start once you've finished eating.
  - 7 He noticed something strange as he was getting dressed. / As he was getting dressed, he noticed something strange.
  - 8 Next add the boiling water. / Add the boiling water next.

#### C Possible answers

- 2 I've seen the film
- 3 we might not get the chance again
- 4 I think it's too dangerous
- 5 his brother is quite shy
- 6 the houses in the centre are very old
- 7 (it was) sunny
- 8 It was interesting
- D 2 also 3 after 4 As 5 In spite of
  - 6 meanwhile 7 What's more 8 before
- E 2 however 3 Equally / Likewise 4 Then
  - 5 Although 6 Furthermore 7 Lastly
  - 8 Despite / In spite of
- F 2 He still finished the race despite an injury.
  - 3 She was singing while she was packing her bags.
  - 4 I'll stay here until (I leave at) 9.00.
  - 5 She cleans during the week. She helps in the café at weekends, too.
  - 6 I went inside as soon as it started raining.
  - 7 She was not unreasonable. On the contrary, she listened carefully to everything.
  - 8 The team played with ten men, yet they managed to win easily.

#### 46 Linking words 2

- A 2 As 3 because 4 Now 5 so that
  - 6 because of 7 Because 8 so 9 for
  - 10 Therefore, 11 if 12 in case
- B 3b 4a 5a 6b 7a 8b 9b 10a
- C 2 in case it rains 3 in order to save
  - 4 Seeing (that) it's Friday 5 ideal for running
  - 6 because of bad driving
  - 7 Now (that) Sally's exams 8 so (that) they

### D Possible answers

- 2 Don't speak to Nicky because she is angry.
- 3 As it's your birthday, you can go home early.
- 4 Lisa bought some fruit so she could make a cake.
- 5 Now that the Internet is working, check your email
- 6 Luke is training hard in order to get on the school team.
- 7 Since Leona didn't know Spanish, she didn't understand.
- 8 It's a lovely day for having a picnic.

- E 2 in order 3 so (that) / in order that
  - 4 for 5 so (that) 6 so
  - 7 because / as / since 8 so (that)
  - 9 So/Therefore, 10 because

#### F Possible answers

- 2 for being late
- 3 Since everyone is here
- 4 in case she loses her job
- 5 because he had chocolate on his shirt
- 6 so we need to get her a present

#### G Possible answers

- 2 he had got up early 3 we had a picnic
- 4 it breaks 5 he was late
- 6 the exams are over
- 7 more people would shop there

# R6 Review: indirect speech; relative clauses; word formation; it and there; linking words

- A 2 promised to be / that she would be as open and honest as she could.
  - 3 knew what her readers were / are interested in.
  - 4 asked me what I thought about her last book. / asked me for my opinion about her last book.
  - 5 admitted that some readers hadn't liked / didn't like the ending of her last book.
  - 6 thought it was her best book so far.
  - 7 said (that) she had tried to introduce more humour into her new book.
  - 8 told me (that) she had been reading about birds in preparation for another writing project.
    9 advised young writers like me to / that we
  - 9 advised young writers like me to / that we should read as much as possible.
- B 2 what she should do 3 doesn't know how to 4 whether or not 5 what he was 6 she was
  - 7 how we can 8 where my keys are 9 whether 10 how I can
- C 2 There are two people at the door who / that want to speak to you.
  - 3 That's the house where / in which my dad was born! / That's the house which my dad was born in!
  - 4 Martin Amis is a famous writer whose father was a writer too.
  - 5 Look at that boy who / that Emily's sitting next to.
  - 6 It was a great day which / that I'll never forget
  - 7 I have two good friends who / that always come when I need help.
  - 8 My cousin goes to a school where they have hardly any rules. / My cousin goes to a school in which there are hardly any rules.
  - 9 This song is about a woman whose life was very hard.
- This photo is of an old friend who / that I used to play tennis with.
- D 2 specially / especially 3 fashionable
  - 4 popularity 5 uncomfortable 6 famous
  - 7 traditional 8 knowledge 9 believable
- 10 criticism 11 imagination 12 skilful
- E 2 There; it 3 There; It; there 4 It; There
- 5 There; It 6 It; There 7 There; It
- 8 There; It 9 It; There 10 It; there
- 2 Although 3 as 4 So 5 Moreover
  - 6 before 7 Firstly 8 In addition
  - 9 Next 10 so 11 above all 12 Lastly
  - 13 so 14 in order to